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NAVAL CIVIL ENGINEERING LABORATORY Port Hueneme, California

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### STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF NAVAL ACTIVITY ELECTRICAL CONSUMPTION

June 1984

An Investigation Conducted by: VSE CORPORATION 1200 Paseo Camarillo Camarillo, CA 93010

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#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Objectives

The year 1975 was selected as a baseline from which the Navy established goals regarding reduction in electrical consumption. Between 1975 and 1983, electrical consumption for the Navy, as a whole, rose 12.7 percent. The objective of this analysis is to identify possible explanations for this increase.

A second objective of this study is to estimate electrical consumption factors for different facility types for both 1975 and 1983. These factors will indicate the electrical consumption per square foot area of the various facility classifications.

#### 1.2 Scope

The scope of this work involves the use of statistical regression techniques to determine the statistical linear function relating electrical consumption to the price of electricity and the change in activity square footage between 1975 and 1983. This function is then used to help explain the increase in electrical consumption from the baseline year to the present. The data used in this analysis were taken from the fourth quarter 1983 DEIS II reports and data base.

To develop electrical consumption factors, the total activity electrical consumptions for 1975 and 1983 were regressed with the current square foot areas of nine different facility types. The family housing electrical consumption factor was calculated separately. The data were collected from the FACSO NFA/MAGIC data bases and the DEIS II data base. Both the NFA/MAGIC and DEIS II data used in this analysis were from the fourth quarter of 1983.

The family housing electrical consumption factor was developed from a single linear regression of the DEIS II housing consumptions with their respective square footage areas.

#### 1.3 Report Format

Three chapters follow this introduction. Chapter 2 describes the concepts of multiple and simple linear regression which are both used in the analysis of the electrical consumption data. An explanation of Mallow's  $C_p$  Criterion is also presented in Chapter 2. Chapter 3 discusses the different analyses performed and the results of each. Chapter 4 highlights the conclusions and makes recommendations regarding further study.

#### 2.0 STATISTICAL REGRESSION TECHNIQUES

#### 2.1 Simple Linear Regression

Simple linear regression is a statistical tool which utilizes the relation between two quantitative variables so that one variable can be predicted from the other. A statistical relation is unlike a functional relation in that it is not perfect. In most cases, the observations do not fall directly on the line; there is scatter. The regression line depicts the manner in which the dependent variable tends to vary with the independent variable in a systematic fashion.

In the simple linear regression model, there is one independent variable and the function is linear. The model is shown in equation 1.

$$Y_{i} = \beta_{0} + \beta_{1}X_{i} + \varepsilon_{i} \tag{1}$$

where:  $Y_{i}$  is the value of the response variable in the ith trial,

 $\beta$  and  $\beta$  are parameters,

 $\mathbf{X}_{\cdot}$  is the value of the independent variable in the ith trial, and

 $\varepsilon_{i}$  is a random error term.

In most cases, the values of  $\beta_0$  and  $\beta_1$  are not known and must be estimated from sample data. The least squares estimates of  $\beta_0$  and  $\beta_1$  (b and b) are shown in equations 2 and 3.

$$b_{1} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (X_{i} - \overline{X})(Y_{i} - \overline{Y})}{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (X_{i} - \overline{X})^{2}}$$

$$(2)$$

$$b_0 = \overline{Y} - b_1 \overline{X} \tag{3}$$

where:  $\overline{X}$  is the average of the  $X_i$  values,

 $\overline{Y}$  is the average of the  $Y_i$  values, and

N is the number of sample data points.

The expected value of the dependent variable for a given independent variable can be predicted using equation 4.

$$\hat{Y} = b_0 + b_1 X \tag{4}$$

where:  $\hat{\hat{\mathbf{Y}}}$  is the predicted value of the independent variable,

X is the desired dependent variable value, and

b and b are the estimates of Y intercept and slope, respectively.

In many cases, the regression line is known to go through the origin. The model then becomes:

$$Y_{i} = \beta_{i} X_{i} + \epsilon_{i} \tag{5}$$

The least squares estimator for  $\beta_1$  (b<sub>1</sub>) is shown in equation 6.

$$b_{1} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} X_{i}Y_{i}}{\sum_{i=1}^{N} X_{i}^{2}}$$

$$(6)$$

To measure the closeness of the relationship between X and Y, the coefficient of correlation, R, is calculated. The value of R falls between -1 and 1. The closer the absolute value of R lies to 1, the greater is said to be the degree of association between X and Y. For a simple linear regression, the coefficient of correlation is calculated as shown in equation 7.

$$R = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (X_{i} - \overline{X})(Y_{i} - \overline{Y})}{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (X_{i} - \overline{X})^{2} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (Y_{i} - \overline{Y})^{2}]^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$
(7)

#### 2.2 Multiple Linear Regression

In a multiple linear regression model, there are numerous independent variables and the function is linear as shown in equation 9.

$$Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i_1} + \beta_2 X_{i_2} + \dots + \beta_{p-1} X_{i,p-1} + \epsilon_i$$
 (8)

In nearly all cases, the least squares estimates of the parameters  $\beta_0$ ,  $\beta_1$ , ...,  $\beta_{p-1}$  are calculated using commercial computer software packages such as BMDP and SPSS. Matrix inversion is required in the solution which necessitates tremendous amounts of computation. For a more detailed discussion of multiple linear regression models, the reader is referred to reference 1.

Once the least squared estimates of  $\beta_0$ ,  $\beta_1$ , ...,  $\beta_{p-1}$  have been calculated, the dependent variable, Y, can be estimated for given levels of the independent variables, using equation 9.

$$\hat{Y} = b_0 + b_1 X_1 + b_2 X_2 + \dots + b_{p-1} X_{p-1}$$
(9)

The coefficient of correlation, R, indicates the reduction of the total variation in Y associated with the use of the set of X variables. When all observations fall in the fitted response surface, R assumes a value of 1. The coefficient of correlation for a multiple linear regression is calculated most efficiently through the use of a standard multiple regression software package. The equation for R-multiple is shown below:

$$R = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (\hat{Y}_{i} - \overline{Y})(Y_{i} - \overline{Y})}{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (\hat{Y}_{i} - \overline{Y})^{2} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (Y_{i} - \overline{Y})^{2}]^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$
(10)

where:  $\hat{Y}$  is the average of the predicted values  $\hat{Y}_i$  and  $\hat{Y}_i$  is the predicted value for given values of  $X_{i_1}$ ,  $X_{i_2}$ , ...,  $X_{i_{D-1}}$ .

### 2.3 Mallow's $C_{D}$ Criterion

A large absolute value of R does not necessarily imply that the fitted model is a useful one. Observations may have been taken at only a few levels of

not be useful because predictions would require extrapolations outside the region of observations. For any data set, adding more independent variables will increase the value of R. However, an independent variable may not be fundamental to the problem, or it may effectively duplicate another variable. The problem becomes how to shorten the list of independent variables to achieve the "best" set of independent variables.

The Mallow's C Criterion is concerned with the total squared error of the N fitted observations. The error,  $E_i$ , is equal to the observed minus the predicted value as shown in equation 11.

$$E_{i} = Y_{i} - \hat{Y}_{i} \tag{11}$$

where:  $\hat{Y}_i = b_0 + b_1 X_i$ 

The  $C_p$  Criterion has a component which includes the sum of the error terms squared and a component with the number of independent variables (p) included in the model. The objective is to find a set of independent variables which produces a minimum  $C_p$ . All possible subsets are tested; the set of best independent variables is defined as that which produces the smallest  $C_p$ . Equation 12 shows the calculation for  $C_p$ .

$$C_{p} = \frac{SSE_{p}}{MSE_{p}} - (N - 2p)$$
 (12)

where: F is the maximum number of independent variables,

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{SSE}}_p$  is the sum of the error terms squared for the model with p independent variables, and

 $\label{eq:mse} {\rm MSE}_F \ \ {\rm is \ the \ mean \ square \ error \ for \ the \ full \ model \ (all \ possible \ independent \ variables \ included) \ {\rm MSE}_F = {\rm SSE}_F/(N-F).}$ 

#### 2.4 Correlation in the Independent Variables

The coefficient of correlation, R, serves as an indication of the degree of relationship between the dependent and independent variables. It can also be used to provide information about the degree of relationship between two independent variables,  $X_j$  and  $X_k$ . The correlation coefficient for two independent variables is depicted as  $R_{jk}$  and calculated as shown in the following equation:

$$R_{jk} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (X_{ji} - \overline{X}_{j})(X_{ki} - \overline{X}_{k})}{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (X_{ji} - \overline{X}_{j})^{2} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (X_{ki} - \overline{X}_{k})^{2}]^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

A magnitude of  $R_{\mbox{$j$k$}}$  close to unity indicates a high degree of correlation be we the two variables.

#### 3.0 ANALYSIS OF DATA

#### 3.1 Description of Analyses

As mentioned in Chapter 1, the electrical consumption Navy-wide rose approximately 12.7 percent between the baseline year and the fourth quarter of 1983. To explain this relationship, several statistical analyses were performed. Each analysis will be presented in this chapter with its corresponding results. The development of the electrical consumption factors will be presented first, followed by the analysis of the change in consumption between 1975 and 1983.

#### 3.2 Electrical Consumption Factors

The electrical consumption at any naval activity is directly related to the type, number, and size of its facilities. Data are available in the DEIS II quarterly reports that give the annual electrical consumption (in MBtus) and square foot area for each naval activity for both the current and baseline year. The activities are identified by DEIS II Unit Identification Codes (UICs); family housing activities begin with the letter D, and all the facility types are included under a UIC beginning with the letter N. For example, the DEIS II UICs for the Naval Air Station in Corpus Christi, Texas, are DOO216 and NOO216 for the family housing facilities and all other naval shore facilities, respectively.

The NFA/MAGIC data base, maintained by FACSO, contains information for each individual naval facility. Software was developed to extract the facility square foot areas for the UICs contained within the following states:

- Alabama
- Arizona
- California
- Connecticut
- Delaware
- District of Columbia
- Florida
- Georgia
- Louisiana
- Maryland
- Massachusetts

- Mississippi
- New Jersey
- New Mexico
- New York
- North Carolina
- Oregon
- Rhode Island
- South Carolina
- Texas
- Virginia
- Washington

This software is described in detail in reference 2. The facility types and their respective Category Code/Nomenclatures (CCNs) selected for this analysis are shown below:

Group Number	Facility Description	Prime Use CCNs
1	Port Facilities	11100-16999
2	Training	17000-19999
3	Maintenance	20000-21999
4	Production	22000-29999
5	Laboratories	30000-39999
6	Storage	40000-49999
7	Medical	50000-54999
8	Dispensaries	55000-59999
9	Administration	60000-69999
10	Troop Housing	72100-72999
11	Community	73000-79999
12	Utilities	80000-89999

Family housing facilities, CCNs 70000 through 72099, will be covered in a separate analysis because of their special classification in the DEIS II data base. The 22 states listed above contain 228 naval activities. The current facility square footage areas for each activity are shown with the total base electrical consumptions for 1983 and 1975 in Appendix A. The DEIS II data base also contains a measure of the square footage area for temporary buildings such as construction trailers which use electricity but are not contained in the WFA/MAGIC data base. The square foot areas for the temporary structures are also shown in Appendix A. To determine the electrical consumption factors for each facility type, the following model was hypothesized.

```
ELE_{i} = \beta_{0} * SQFTOT_{i} + \beta_{1} * SQFTI_{i} + \beta_{2} * SQFT2_{i} + \beta_{3} * SQFT3_{i} + \beta_{4} SQFT4_{i} + \beta_{5} * SQFT5_{i} + \beta_{6} * SQFT6_{i} + \beta_{7} * SQFT7_{i} + \beta_{8} * SQFT8_{i} + \beta_{9} * SQFT9_{i} + \beta_{10} * SQFT10_{i} + \beta_{11} * SQFT11_{i} + \beta_{12} * SQFT12_{i} + \epsilon_{i} 
(14)
```

where: ELE, is the electrical consumption in MBtus for activity i minus the family housing consumption for either 1983 or 1975;

SQFTOT; is the temporary facility square footage area for activity i;

SQFT1; is the port facility square footage area for activity i;

SQFT2; is the training square footage area for activity i;

SQFT3; is the maintenance square footage area for activity i;

SQFT4; is the production square footage area for activity i;

SQFT5; is the laboratories square footage area for activity i;

SQFT6; is the storage square footage area for activity i;

SQFT7; is the medical square footage area for activity i;

SQFT7; is the dispensary square footage area for activity i;

SQFT8; is the administration square footage area for activity i;

SQFT10; is the troop housing square footage area for activity i;

SQFT11; is the community square footage area for activity i;

SQFT11; is the utility square footage area for activity i;

SQFT12; is the utility square footage area for activity i; and

\$\epsilon\_i\$ is an error term.

To determine the least squares estimates of the coefficients  $\beta_0$ ,  $\beta_1$ , ...,  $\beta_{12}$ , a computerized version of Mallow's  $C_p$  technique was used. The software is documented in reference 2. The "best" set results of the  $C_p$  analysis for 1983 and 1975 are contained in Table 1.

Table 1. Regression Results for Mallow's  $C_{\rm p}$  Analysis

	Variable	Regression Coeffic	
Facility Type	Name	Baseline Year, 1975*	Current Year, 1983
Temporary	SQFTOT	0.140227	0.256889
Training	SQFT2	0.0878216	0.186324
Maintenance	SQFT3	0.288121	0.377864
Production	SQFT4	0.483617	0.387691
Laboratories	SQFT5	0.304718	0.336881
Storage	SQFT6	0.0250001	0.0339457
Medical	SQFT7	0.162382	0.361043
Administration	SQFT9	0.153715	0.211236
Troop Housing	SQFT10	0.186402	0.150921
Correlation Coe	fficient, R	0.95228	0.94370

<sup>\*</sup>The current square footage areas were used for this analysis because the 1975 areas were not available.

The 1975 electrical consumptions, when regressed with the 1983 facility square footage data, should result in lower factors because less electrical consumption is spread over a larger activity square footage. For this reason, these figures should be used cautiously.

In the case of this regression, the resulting factors are overall on the high side because certain facilities were removed from the regression due to correlations with other facilities. For example, SQFT1 (port facilities) were highly correlated with storage facilities. Similarly, dispensaries (SQFT8) were strongly related to the medical facilities. Community (SQFT11) and utility (SQFT12) facilities were excluded due to a correlation with troop housing. Combining the correlated facilities gives the following facility classifications:

Variable Name	Facility Description	Prime Use CCNs
SQFTOT	Temporary Structures	
SQFT1	Port Facilities and Storage	11100-16999, 40000-49999
SQFT2	Training	17000-19999
SQFT3	Maintenance	20000-21999
SQFT4	Production	22000-29999
SQFT5	Laboratories	30000-39999
SQFT6	Medical and Dispensaries	50000-59999
SQFT7	Administration	60000-69999
SQFT8	Troop Housing, Community	
-	and Utilities	72100-89999

Employing Mallow's C Multiple Linear Regression techniques to the new classifications yields the results shown in Table 2.

Table 2. Mallow's  $C_{D}$  Results for New Facility Classifications

r <del></del>	Р	<del> </del>	
·	Variable	Regression Coeffici	
Facility Type	Name	Baseline Year, 1975*	Current Year, 1983
Temporary Structures	SQFT01	0.11557	0.233444
Port Facilities and Storage	SQFT1	0.01909	0.0279635
Training	SQFT2	0.11307	0.201617
Maintenance	SQFT3	0.28415	0.373056
Production	SQFT4	0.48714	0.391705
Laboratories	SQFT5	0.30210	0.334136
Medical and Dispensaries	SQFT6	0.11959	0.297953
Administration	SQFT7	0.11529	0.174109
Troop Housing, Community and Utilities	SQFT8	0.11151	0.0943252
Correlation Coefficient,	R	0.95180	0.94322

 $<sup>{}^*\!\!</sup>$  As in the last analysis, these values were determined using the current square footage data.

These current year coefficients, when multiplied by the square footage areas will provide an estimate of the yearly base consumption in units of MDtus as shown in equation 15.

To determine the electrical consumption factors for the family housing facilities, the DEIS II UIC data for the family housing activities were used. A simple linear regression analysis was performed on the data for both the baseline and present year. Electrical consumption in MBtus was regressed with the total square footage area for the housing activities. The data used in the analysis are listed in Appendix B. The following model was selected.

$$ELE_{i} = \beta_{g} * SQFT9_{i} + \epsilon_{i}$$
 (16)

where: SQFT9; is the total family housing square footage at activity i,

ELE  $_i$  is the total electrical consumption in MBtus for activity i, and  $^{\cdot \epsilon}{}_i$  is a random error term.

Utilizing regression software, the family housing electrical consumption factors shown in Table 3 were developed.

Table 3. Family Housing Electrical Consumption Factors

Year	Family Housing Electrical Consumption Factor, b [MBtu/ft²]	Correlation Coefficient
1975	0.122017	0.88609
1983	0.109837	0.90817

The per square foot electrical consumption appears to have decreased by 10 percent from 1975 to 1983.

3.3 Regression Analysis of Electrical Consumption Changes

To explain the average increase in electrical consumption from 1975 to 1983, the change in consumption was regressed with the following two factors:

- (1) DIFF, change in activity square footage from 1975 to 1983
- (2) COST, unit cost of electricity in units of \$/KWHr.

Because the overall base consumption is highly related to facility square footage, the change in square footage should reflect a change in consumption. Similarly, the unit cost of electricity can be used to predict a change in electrical consumption. The unit cost of electricity is important in the decision of whether to fund energy savings alternatives. In locations where the cost of electricity is high, energy savings projects can be economically justified. Therefore, the electrical consumption should decrease in the high cost areas because energy savings programs can be justified and implemented.

The change in electrical consumption can be expressed in the following ways:

- (1) DELE, change in consumption from 1975 to 1983 [MBtu]
- (2) PER, percent change in consumption from 1975 to 1983 [%]
- (3) ESQFT, change in consumption from 1975 to 1983 per 1983 square footage area [MBtu/ft2].

To explain the change in consumption, the following regression analyses were performed.

- (1) DELE vs. COST
- (2) PER vs. COST
- (3) ESQFT vs. COST
- (4) DELE vs. DIFF
- (5) DELE vs. DIFF and COST.

The results are presented in Table 4.

Table 4. Prediction Models for Change in Electrical Consumption

Dependent Variable	Regression Relation	Correlation Coefficient, R
DELE	50356 - 0.42530*10 <sup>6</sup> COST	0.1296
PER	17.779 - 132.88 COST	0.1047
ESQFT	0.04898 - 0.55615 COST	0.1111
DELE	14483 + 0.11290 DIFF	0.3690
DELE	41612 - 0.42186*10° COST + 0.11279 DIFF	0.3907

In all cases, the change in electrical consumption between 1975 and 1983 was inversely proportioned to the unit cost of electricity (COST) and directly proportional to the change in square footage area (DIFF). Although the correlation coefficients are fairly small, a slight relationship is present in each case. The models which include the change in square foot area are generally better than the models which include only cost as the independent variable.

Utilizing the fifth model, the estimated unit cost of electricity at which energy savings alternatives were justified is calculated by inserting the average change in square foot area from 1975 to 1983 (75563.38  $\rm ft^2$ ) and setting the change in electrical consumption to zero.

DELE = 
$$41612.44556 - 0.42186 * 10^6 \text{ COST} + 0.11279 \text{ DIFF}$$

$$0 = 41612.44556 - 0.42186 * 10^6 \text{ COST} + (0.11279)(75563.38)$$

$$COST = 0.119 \text{ $/KWHr}$$

For an activity with average growth, the estimated cost for justification of energy savings alternatives was 0.119 \$/KWHr.

#### 4.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

#### 4.1 Significant Results

A model which predicts the total annual base consumption was developed. The following electrical consumption factors for 1983 were calculated.

Production	0.391705 MBtu/ft <sup>2</sup>	33.768 KWHr/ft <sup>2</sup>
Maintenance	0.373056 MBtu/ft <sup>2</sup>	32.610 KWHr/ft <sup>2</sup>
Laboratories	0.334136 MBtu/ft <sup>2</sup>	28.805 KWHr/ft <sup>2</sup>
Medical/Dispensaries	0.297953 MBtu/ft <sup>2</sup>	25.685 KWHr/ft <sup>2</sup>
Temporary Structures	0.233444 MBtu/ft <sup>2</sup>	20.124 KWHr/ft <sup>2</sup>
Training	0.201617 MBtu/ft <sup>2</sup>	17.381 KWHr/ft <sup>2</sup>
Administration	0.174109 MBtu/ft <sup>2</sup>	15.009 KWHr/ft <sup>2</sup>
Family Housing	0.109837 MBtu/ft <sup>2</sup>	9.469 KWHr/ft <sup>2</sup>
Troop Housing/Community/	0.0010050.45. 15.2	0.101 27 16.2
Utilities	0.0943252 MBtu/ft <sup>2</sup>	8.131 KWHr/ft <sup>2</sup>
Port Facilities/Storage	0.0279635 MBtu/ft <sup>2</sup>	2.411 KWHr/ft <sup>2</sup>

The storage facilities consumption factor is an order of magnitude lower than the other facilities. Production facilities use the most electricity per square foot, closely followed by maintenance, laboratory, and medical facilities.

Table 5 shows the average area for each facility type for the 228 activities included in the analysis. The percent of the total area for each of these classifications is also shown. The family housing facilities contribute the most to the square footage area. Port facilities and storage, troop housing, and maintenance facilities are also area intensive.

Using the total facility areas and the electrical consumption factors for 1983, Table 6 was developed. Several significant results should be noted.

Table 5. Average Area Per Activity for 228 Activities

Average Area Per Base (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Percent of Total
48,283	3.17
289,342	18.98
95,249	6.25
245,907	16.13
41,303	2.71
74,838	4.91
48,118	3.16
103,592	6.80
279 <b>,</b> 955	18.36
297,829	19.54
	Base (ft <sup>2</sup> )  48,283 289,342 95,249 245,907 41,303 74,838 48,118 103,592

Table 6. Average Electrical Use Per Activity for 228 Activities

Facility Type	Rate of Use (MBtus/ft <sup>2</sup> )	Average Activity Consumption (MBtus)	Percent of Total
1001110, 1, pc	(	companies (mocae)	01 10001
Temporary Structures	0.233444	11,271	4.29
Port Facilities and Storage	0.0279635	8,091	3.08
Training	0.201617	19,204	7.30
Maintenance	0.373056	91,737	34.88
Production	0.391705	16,179	6.15
Laboratories	0.334136	25,006	9.51
Medical and Dispensaries	0.297953	14,337	5.45
Administration	0.174109	18,036	6.86
Troop Housing, Community,			
and Utilities	0.0943252	26,407	10.04
Family Housing	0.109837	32,713	12.44

- o Maintenance facilities consume almost 35% of the total electricity with only 16.13% of the total area.
- o Storage facilities, due to their low consumption factor, use only 3% of the total consumption while occupying 18.98% of the total area.
- o Both family and troop housing facilities use considerably less electricity proportionately than area.

Figures 1 and 2 graphically illustrate these results.

Similar coefficients were developed for the baseline electrical consumptions; however, current square footage measurements were used. This decreases the magnitude of the consumption factors, making them unrepresentative of the actual consumption factors.

The change in electrical consumption was regressed against the unit cost of electricity and the change in square foot area between 1975 and 1983. The consumption was found to vary inversely with cost and directly with change in area. A cost of 0.119 \$/KWHr was estimated as the unit cost of electricity above which energy savings alternatives were economically justified.

Figure 3 uses a scatter diagram to best illustrate the unit cost of electricity versus the change in electrical consumption for each activity from 1975 to 1983. For 393 activities, the average cost of electricity was \$0.0643/KWHr, and the average increase in electrical consumption was 23,000 MBtus over the period 1975 to 1983.

## AREA AND ELECTRICAL USE DATA FOR 228 ACTIVITIES (PERCENTS IN PARENTHESIS)

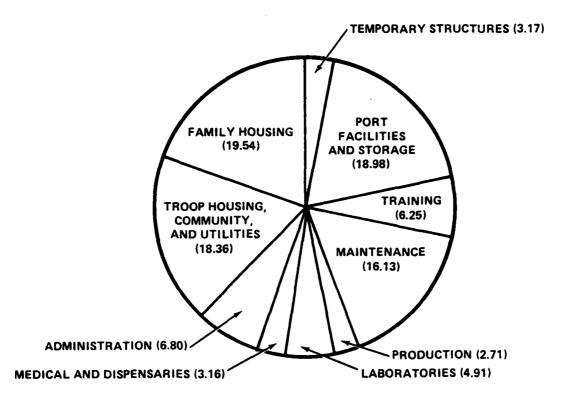


Figure 1. Mean Area Per Activity

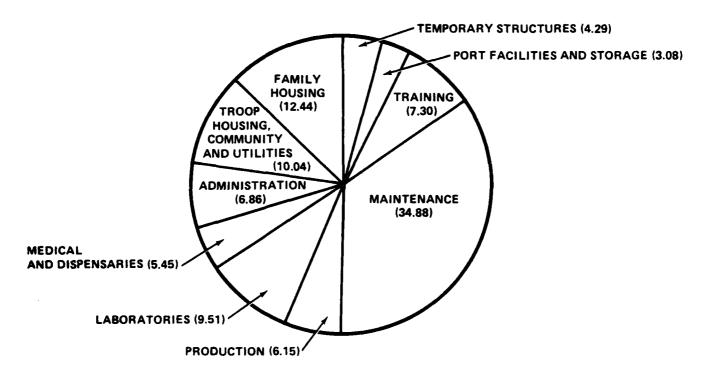


Figure 2. Mean Electrical Use Per Activity

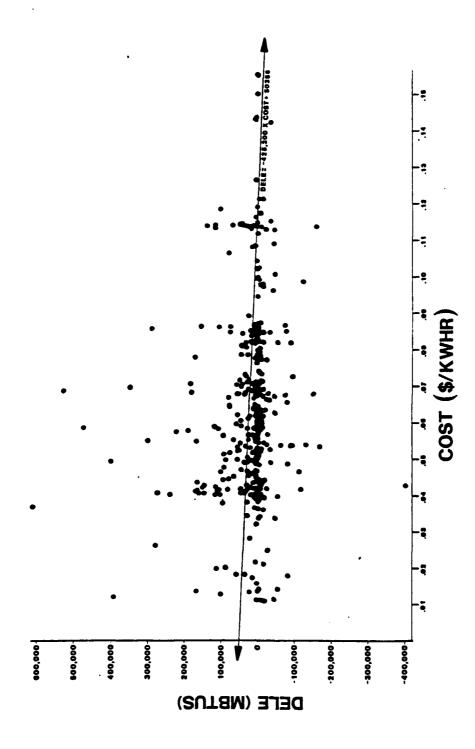


Figure 3. Change in Electrical Consumption (DELE) as a Function of Electricity Cost (COST)

#### 4.2 Recommendations

The relationship between current electrical consumption and facility square footage area was found to have a strong correlation (R = 0.94322). If facility square footage data could be obtained for the baseline year, a similar model could be developed. A comparison between these factors would yield the best information about the increase in electrical corsumption between 1975 and the present.

It is recommended that the percent model be used to determine which activities consume much greater amounts of electricity than expected, based on their facility square footages. This can be accomplished through a comparative analysis of predicted versus actual consumptions for the Navy activities included in this study.

#### REFERENCES

- Neter, John and William Wasserman, Applied Linear Statistical Models, Richard D. Irwin, Inc., Homewood, Illinois, 1974.
- 2. deMonsabert, Sharon, A User's Guide to the Navy's Electrical Analysis Software System, developed for NCEL under Contract No. NOO123-82-D-0149, Task Order J3-76, March 1984.

# APPENDIX A FACILITY SQUARE FOOTAGE AREAS AND ELECTRICAL CONSUMPTION

Table A-1. Facility Square Footage Areas and Electrical Consumption 1975

1983

SQFT12 [ft²]	22491	8338 O	20291	56456	1428	11593	6544	569	00	14349	2643	00	•	1024	19479	723	24284	1625	0	13809	00	8929	10593	34841	999	18587	0	23567	0	10926	5273	•	2424	0	40376	0	l Mulle
SQFT111 [ft.²]	417911 60265 8325	869740	597 10	0 82378	0.20	200974	47247	00	00	430029	80 95156	0	85	45059	118959		2244	40460	26648	4002	139675	138217	164701	8396	3457	230314 18036	0	406283	0	252411	166101	0	10621	82243	1504	0	MDtu = 1
SQFT10 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	1561510 6316 0	564670	1174	00	00	518693	155756	200	00	441608	000	0 0 10 1	0	o <b>o</b>	546775	0	o <b>o</b>	00	00	14087	445865		220557					558595			149142				473180	0	11.6
SQFT9 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	266453 62570 61651	380268 45000	38771	693646	27 1625	63372	440354	17760	00	126147	14616	00	100412	00	23181		<b>0</b>	84126	50614	457544	58946	000	62529	245280	16162	3386	00 0	80735	57988	<b>59508</b> 275643	203700	12960	122543	78320	337258	0	factor:
SQFT8 [ft²]	000		0 29821	00	00	42084	000	00	00	47736	00	00	0	64350	8004	0	22608	3175	0	00	00	00	31009	462	0	<b>4</b> 296 0	00	960	00	00	26322	0	00	00	31968	0	*Conversion
SQFT7 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	000	13997	00	00	49863	00	0 0	0	00	0	00	00	00	206399	00							_													00		*Conv
SQFT6 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	91013								•		8460											56850				<b>U</b> 1					64826				24600		
SQFT5 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	0 409019 0	00	00	132288	92930	00	000	000	00	7600 0	2752	80778	•																						00		
SQFT4 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	12699	35043	00	3308069	00	00	13606	00	00	00	00	00	•	00	0							000		in.											451214	•	
SQFT3 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	177390 7904 84801	65313	68267	126514	4396	237580	474	90644	00	1383667	1836018	12460	352	7380	42160	4973	104174	66547	90			29220								_			37274			0	
SQFT2 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	-	93259																															2233 837714				
SQFT1 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	5066 864 27472	24517	15761	11345	960	39981	22340	1680	2016	54731	00	5 ه	•	0 0 0	96928	7813	1031	10504	•	36.46 0.00	4088	124	55571 89017	1291	46 190	642032	78.0	90136		107574	26367	0	-8366 38206	78284	002180	2808	
SQFTOF [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	13061.	240723	61530	3220.	70923.	0	60	44868.	0	63255. 87972.	55800	-27441.	61962	4456	1324729.	0	5	.0	71519.	90	2120.	8570.	16889.	169653. O.	c i	53367.	12567.	17430.	o	124341.	122901.	\$300	87664.	13600.	19032	o.	
Electrical Consumption [HBtu]	579118.4 104388.4 441403.2	334346.8 63336.0	0.00	1752180.0	36946.0	311251.2	51643.2	16135.6	2215.6	14 186 . 8	282181.6 986626.4	20752.4	7064.4	112636.0	232255.2 626063.8	11866.8	296542.4	41238.0	10880.4	96314.8	164128.4	175600.8	258123.2	448989.6 928440.8	38361.2	151356.8	20613.2 38802.0	573759.2	13064.8	14 1995 . 6 682729 . 6	126312.4	_			339265.2 209960.0		
Electrical Consumption [MBtu]*	727911.6 155834.4 516664.0	382486	130616.	1349172	6 1050	322271	125720	1887	3838	42189.	\$75000. 1510726.	75547	40379	94621	327711.	12296.	474660	71931.	11681	80890	35066.	249887.	262716	1093961.	49972.	165624	53650.	132389.	11330	769381	437157.	20506	276242	425244	200013		
DEIS 11 UIC	NOO 16 1 N70024 N63028	N00245	N63273 N42237	N9 196	M66098	N63043	N57095	MO0621	M66084	M00296 N66022	N65923 N60258	N63822 N00153	N6 1690	M63322	N00281	N63425	N62376	N64267	M62791	N70092	M63062	M68097	M60376	N96095 N00-73	W62892	N70273	M63139 M62285	N60191	M63393	M00421	M002 15	N65584	M6266	M00204	MB 104 1	M66069	

Table A-1. Facility Square Footage Areas and Electrical Consumption (Continued) 1975 Electrical 1983 DELIS Flectrical

SQFT1 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	4398 14967 64892 11783	448 49221 4089	6606	1226	48226 48226 9157	9448	44 12 409	5736	00	00	114 106	40600	96172	38068	<b>6</b>	5324	744	15934	200	18498	50		114270	2092	390	27.2	598	1466	24939 9956	
SQFT11 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	31324 31324 575170 722091 6016554	327681 B4389	790196 380346	438	13640 426050 36365	51681	14181	44476	<b>0</b> 0	90531	444	263417	389764	747579 806825	0 4	113983	25982	232023	3866	1750	1830	0	63536 122423	<b>7</b> C	11169	22890		2071 284650	1187	0 0
SQFT10 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	18282 724648 842172 1953247 656533	286067	673205 54311	00	649274 77922	50239	108307	03830	82500 0	24662	00	374227	306307	2269520 0	00	79463	25167	292974	00	00	• •	21449	916624	135095		•		560	00	9750 0
SQFT9 [ft²]	161961 17266 427174 180698 244830 189421	205658	131919	000	39409 326813 108464	5129	3563	15300	00	33444	110570	366986	688 188	182103 536972	00	82225		297945	37689	74200	21491		172624	32295	0		•	399551 623554	10E	00
SQFT8 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	2644 73037 0 86804 39130	31089 9893	33992	59200	18792	2465	76544 36185	24050	00	00	00		•			7530			00			-					_	00		
SQFT7 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	22029 10248	000	4274 0 0	00	000	367688	11008	000	17802	00									00	•	00	25.55 20.05	00	0 129653	386673	361668	0	2304 0		00
SQFT6   [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	0 10719 165982 145892 140695 435201				42792 317848 9010			₩D	00					136685		5424394			520	~			223710	00	-			3121333		253) 936 (32
SQFT5 [ft²]	2 1670 0 0 0 0	1674162 0	22140									Ξ				0			324	00	58983 0	00	•			00				00
SQFT4 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	0 0 0 0 0 28677		1102		000																	00		7974				2160	128	~0
SQFT3 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	196633 25927 331559 88894 897380	\$724 \$37682 4342	1229928	28620	32235 552086 4046						110109					198576	8 4 8 8 8 8		4723				260652					130029		
SQFT2 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	39702† 0 35,1443 318889 318889 1280 1280													_		•		22641	=		2							8140		
SQFT1 [ft²]	12000 69492 270360 9145 66043	73956	21012	00	170436	51299 0	5280 21027	5866	00	00	14072	191930	2587	1570	3200	188354	17496	80593	10912	35751	00		4590	200			0	193438	2608	63233
SQFTOT [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	226309. 2931. 22639. 2931.	18174.	-5478, 252451.	17430	2800. 56700.	0000	-17502. 384.	7965		o <b>g</b>	13087.	130562.	56973.	-318438.	2000 0 0	666	666	13.19	23310.	107253.	<b>4</b> 500 0	Ó	35126. 225982.	-3688.	22554.			51775.	114362.	-39117.
Consumption [MBtu]	20961 24974 8 24974 8 349677 2 364677 2 39487 8	4341.3 16031.2 988737.6 62442.8	1 18876.8	6681.6	290812.0 568980.0 61868.8	93275.6	69344.8 71630.0	1206.4 53510.8	22828.8 452.4	28605.6	32306.0	690672.8	846138.6	413366.0 243089.6	171656.8	363230.8	14917.6	217407.2	138 109 . 6	6020.4 116614.8	4364.6	24081.6	150544.6	95502.8	105766.8	68544.4	9022.E	146972.0	20117.6 057367.0	44091.4
Consumption [EBtu]*	113506 24870 24870 184404 478404 478830 28530 282403 282403 28230 0	19827 2 14430 4 942407 2 43333 3	# CA	297096-0 84587-2 19254-0	332409.6	80914.0	175044.0	962.8 57246.0	15184.4	33721.2	22712.0	735300.8	225585.2 1452702.8	482026.4 350528.8	200308.8	309418.4	17214.4	1948.8 65760.4	15126.4	7331.2	5440.4	14500.0	241535.2	135279.2	146902.4	96952.0	24360.0	224286.0 1082848.4	41307.6	105028.4 76028.4
Dia H	MO0750 MO0396 ME0028 ME9028 MO0238	ME0530	M60259 M00255	M92782	MOO 16.7	N63891	N68093	N62887 NOO 196	N62795 N68441	N61720	N55631	M63126	M61165	M00247	M64619	MOOGE	N57056	M62578	N62339 N6-665	N65765 N63402	MD464A	NOO 162	M00206 M00174	N00948	69089	M6 1337	M10151	MD0244	N68378 N90843	N70240 N00408

\*Conversion factor: 11.6 MBtu = 1 MWHr

Table A-1. Facility Square Footage Areas and Electrical Consumption (Continued)

SQFT12 [ft²]	27952 7459 12368	480	3780	00	22776	62526	11686	0	4290	00	00	57600		8001	00	8479	214954	069	00	216 23670	9349	38317	0 070741	0	0	910	1323	00	•	2124	• •	2665 0	9568 939	29733 0
[[1]  S	45830 0	0,10	3622	9.00	4505	1697	108198	00	59.68	00	0 48	975145		3131						9343 155282	9454	6500	324	200	0	08239 O	13583	00	••	0	00	0 11172	80	311694
9_																						•	•		•	-		. 0 0	•	00				
SQFT	u	•	<b>'</b> .				59017					59583		14440		71447		•		135776		•										124133		135857
SQFT9 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	31845	42780	11944	204390	21080	243216	62832		97514	31950		257748		4586	181322	208422	227393	32109	00	2584	2350	184724	150990			481267	0 00					679273	8421	12489
SQFT8 [ft²]	46800	000	43933	000	0 400	900	8856	00	00	00	00	0 7		17102	00	22378	65800	0.0	00	0 10357	00	00	100	000	0	00	00	00	00	00	52650	00	0	99910
SQFT7 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	000	000	318094	000	978406	000	000	00	00	00	41400	26175	00	00	00	000	21012	1571761	411088	00	00	8066	000		60077	00	00	00	00	227457	16068	00	0	30106
SQFT6 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	188403	97080	800		60680	261271	122552	0	76000 280	0	0 4	1408532	0	817061	٥٥	1232725	73595	21085	4088 2472	36300	138114	8 19885	64110	\$	0	35244	27.16		00	80	00	552457 0	00	4526
SQFT'5 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	000	000	194363	000	000	134	640781	00	70260	00	0 0 0	800	0	91202	00	00	55466	166492	00	407037	209372	00	645921	000	1248	00	00	0	00	00	00	2900	102792	640
SQFT4 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	000	•	<b>7</b> O (	000	00	, o	000	90	6700 6700	00	000	10777	3679	359382 O	00	00	00	26720	00	0 6	0	8439	0	00	00	<b>0</b> C	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	<b>,</b>
SQF1'3 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	1064121 2496814	130930	666768	2141566	60435	276872	87671	14253	41774	8550	•	1109864	369787	16769	0	171910	2526 424606	4456	00	329511	0	759407	151740	3170	00	17052	9402	30	00	208	00	77124	586	282999
SQFTZ [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	224945		36245	000	66272	19200	909	256474	<b>9</b>	382205	000	203953	0220	<b>7</b>	00	240838	82709	830965	134240	2700	00	131544	60530	353268	00	08698	0	0	128562	<u></u>	00	11376	0	000
SQFT1 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	100129 442		200			63069 63069	71261	0	350	00	000	136840	19897	213818	7756	10027	50448	58697	00	5235	0	35326	27945		139505	21632	909	172875	00	1130	00	14541	4920	2150
SQFTOT [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	151255. 8764.	-22534	5956	249806.	15880.	69620.	134466	8 2	11731. 98989.	21490	3214.	225040.	900	<i>o</i> o	66	10574.	2483235.	<b>68629</b> . 0.	3720. 0.	1700	Ö	3000	10200	6	<b>.</b>	6 6	0	90	169.	900 6	9	-201659.	6207.	000
1975 Electrical Consumption [MBtu]	415813.6	24302.0	506060.0	745856.8	224796.4	64426.4	307608.8	13583.6	32704.4	18084.4	5672.4	N Ø :	<b>.</b> ~	~ C						177549.0					0 =	•	<b>.</b>	D <b>=</b>	••		0.00	233334.0 49031.8	19710.4	307771.2
1983 Electrical Consumption [HBtu]*	634844.8	20543.6	216675 4	753675.2	269027.2	434153.2	5646.8 384868.0	12713.6	98809.6 70655 A	13502.4	10474.8	849514.4	161298.0 37700.0	293712.0	28014.0	222476.4	77708.4	1105839.6	24696.4	78590.0	14824.8	407438.4	438085.6	23258.0	123806.8 28675.2	71827.2	13224.0	192629.6	74321.2 50587.6	95305.6	6776.8	1,000,1	16796.8	494902.4 16216.8
DEIS II UIC	N60200 N65887	86369W	M00203	M6588	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	M00129	MO0178	N68359	N65980	N63094	M66097	M00207	N42063	NG0 109 N68836	V N68520	10929N 4	N68322 N00187	NOO 168	N62603 N68090	N6 1533 N60042	N62759	NO02 16	N66604	N68307	N62844	N61174 N68350	N57055	N57074	M63401 NO0072	NO0285	N35723	N00205	M68305	N60201 N00287

\*Conversion factor: 11.6 MBtu = 1 MMHr

\*Conversion factor: 11.6 MBtu = 1 MWHr

SQFT12 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	616 0 27442 197440 197840 2 266 2 266 2 266 2 266 2 266 2 266 2 266 2 273 2 27
SQFT11 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	3200 1580 28947 766021 1931231 19969 19969 1230 1130 1130 1130 1130 1130 1130 1130
ed) SQFT10 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	22356 20357 20958 20958 20958 20958 20951 3591 3591 3591 3591 3591 3591 3591 4575 6201 131150 8776 6201 8775 8775 8775 8775 8775 8775 8775 877
ontinue SQFT9 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	0 19414 25482 25482 112922 4135 25482 25482 2558
tion (C SQFT8 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	2382 000 000 000 000 15114 000 15020 13022 000 13022 000 13022
Electrical Consumption (Continued) SQFT5 SQFT6 SQFT7 SQFT8 SQFT9 SQ [ft²] [ft²] [ft²] [ft²] [ft²] [f	2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
rical C SQFT6 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	276400 5524 0 0 96 4200 164200 10060 3744 3744 3760 3760 3760 3600 3600 3600 3600 3600
	8440 74062 0 0 0 0 172942 16000 6 1206 1206 2 2003 2 1582 1 1582
eas and SQFT4 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	150071 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
age Ar SQFT3 [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	527488 6207 6207 12.143 12.143 17.1400 1.185 1.185 1.185 2.0309 2.0309 2.0309 2.0309 2.0309 1.171 2.031 3.265 2.03 3.265
Square Footage Areas SQFT1 SQFT2 SQFT3 SQF ft²] [ft²] [ft	9769 948572 70153 196627 2690 2690 1596 1920 12058 12058 13445 13445 13445 13445 13445 1345 13465 13485
	1320 6 1736 149736 149736 14942 1702 1702 1703 1703 1703 1703 1703 1703 1703 1703
Facility SQFTOT [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	0.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.
Table A-1. 1975 Electrical Consumption [NBtu]	1247+1.6 21146.8 220090.4 220090.4 220090.4 220090.4 19871.6 43891.6 43891.0 20091.6 20090.2 430090.4 430090.4 430090.4 430090.6 114040.0 114040.0 114040.0 114040.0 114040.0 114040.0 114040.0 114040.0 114040.0 114040.0 1141.6 1161.7
1983 Electrical Consumption [MBtu]*	200090. A 170040. A 170040. B 100040. B
DEIS II UIC	M62798 M680931 M680931 M680931 M680931 M680931 M680931 M67090931 M6709018

# APPENDIX B FAMILY HOUSING SQUARE FOOTAGE AREAS AND ELECTRICAL CONSUMPTION

Table B-1. Family Housing Square Footage Areas and Electrical Consumption  ${\sf Sq}$ 

		1983		1975
DEIS	1983	Electrical	1975	Electrical
II	Area	Consumption	Area	Consumption
UIC	[ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[MBtu]	[ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[MBtu]
	. ,			359310.0
D00620 D00207	176123 <b>5</b> 559103	313420.4 67848.4	1734276 523000	63544.8
DO0174	453304	29394.4	419648	29174.0
D57075	265068	27840.0	303823 38094	32990.4 1925.6
D68101 D63032	38094 1209528	1740.0 128064.0	1183612	65134.0
D63126	1367491	77963.6	1367491	89992.8
D65928 D00743	1424251 O	297447.2 .0	1020869 198560	204786.4 39741.6
D00129	3536518	298 120.0	2932943	244620.8
D00178	321120	39115.2	271027	35751.2 212303.2
D00216 D60200	1184505 467358	164685.2 73184.4	1170147 127583	25682.4
057041	0	.0	38186	5997.2
D57056	50682	10706.8	49966 173544	12783.2 11275.2
D60036 D00109	174014 511110	12400.4 67999.2	341755	44973.2
D62735	179745	9488.8	279863	30658.8
D00168 D00205	28066 425607	1786.4 61224.8	28000 176000	2018.4 28559.2
D60478	105455	6264.0	102203	6264.0
D00702	203892	20149.2	151572	10776.4 134954.4
D68311 D62661	2295072 2827596	151217.6 115918.8	2310773 2496431	124595.6
D62395	4480921	1065958.8	3989259	1156728.8
D00197	22233	2528.8 8700.0	22282 48708	2076.4 3398.8
D00886	39708 107963	4234.0	97108	4303.6
D00181	559363	64960.0	624588	54253.2
D62507 D57054	716443 29925	65609.6 1914.0	385446 29125	56155.6 2900.0
D66833	560094	88670.4	604847	104806.0
D60087	909963	114155.6	914145 37677	114480.4 4883.6
D57040 D35328	0 36980	.0 2714.4	36990	4628.4
D70310	64876	4883.6	44625	6090.0
D70278 D00104	100060 180701	11054.8 9871.6	99989 176950	14233.2 11066.4
D00421	107 1049	122612.0	992129	96430.8
D63891	209730	34498.4	191390	40368.0 90201.6
D68436 D00788	2209960 43563	396882.4 5278.0	579224 43663	6159.6
D57049	37024	12249.6	37024	7308.0
D65114 D0534A	1191353 88082	109260.4 10266.0	1221121 87550	113888.8 10869.2
D00389	1540523	340309.2	1383000	362047.6
D63042	2125231	400988.8	2125231	239087.6 .0
D62585 D00164	109776 98467	649.6 7319.6	0 96812	9639. <b>6</b>
D60201	1536651	318512.8	948365	204809.6
D62863	1113849 677138	21831.2 65192.0	1118848 673584	696.0 73010.4
D60508 D66818	46004	3897.6	42275	3642.4
D62741	85753	7052.8	85753	9639.6 50158.4
D61174 D00296	1024081 590273	50692.0 45796.8	1021283 621018	43836.4
D62271	1270004	81234.8	1235025	73451.2
D60462 D00102	1066078 440660	.0 31958.0	899685 269861	. 0 26030 . 4
D57055	41811	7180.4	41811	8711.6
D62995	171917	18560.0	171917	23130.4 122530.8
DOOO25 D68335	0 343016	.0 61097.2	2171000 343000	122530.8 36888.0
DO0187	4708978	599592.4	3468373	362569.6

Table B-1. Family Housing Square Footage Areas and Electrical Consumption (Continued)

		<b>198</b> 3		1975
DEIS	1983	Electrical	1975	Electrical
II	Area	Consumption	Λrea	Consumption
UIC	[ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[MBtu]	[ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[MBtu]
010	[ 1 2 ]	[IDCu]	[10]	[]
		70700 4	996106	55320.4
D00161 D62269	996106 363206	78520.4 36876.4	338000	31436.0
D00396	13953	1160.0	13953	997.6
D61414	1563382	196515.6	1507699 37800	189033.6 1774.8
D57053 D00383	80716 35768	3584.4 7424.0	36408	6484.4
D63038	88291	6658.4	63566	3572.8
D60514	1381927	.0	1401321	.O 38326.4
D60042 D62604	224960 182411	23072.4 29255.2	310914 8797	626.4
D42237	455984	40066.4	0	.0
D32960	30470	13827.2	5400	429.2
D00215	19130	2122.8	18600 260115	2714.4 40379.6
D63427 D00153	246673 9783	43302.8 696.0	200110	.0
D65113	3358577	237092.4	2933494	203649.6
060376	490165	84053.6	501584	81664.0 75782.8
D00221	1251121	61700.4 67999.2	1406741 651701	94029.6
D00171 D63395	606944 114181	25891.2	44800	8874.0
D60495	374941	23084.0	344895	19766.4
D00255	365877	53209.2	362624 87635	69263.6 16216.8
D61331 D00213	87635 2668474	16541.6 370770.8	2057822	532184.8
D68378	4849004	305474.4	4784144	387440.0
D00633	1328549	175948.8	1245221	145290.0 788.8
DOO158	19759 36586	2911.6 3619.2	19759 41866	1589.2
D00173 D62285	16987	.0	14467	.0
DOO193	3788098	459255.6	2712811	369529.6
D63073	286429	46910.4	198732 6099000	10672.0 434756.4
D63387 D66754	8901161 205414	572042.4 44752.8	203814	59624.0
DO0275	74679	4164.4	164000	6913.6
D62808	2473765	330565.2	2164262 2980785	420766.8 213057.2
D60530 D61533	1460925 28602	135186.4 2064.8	2980783	.0
DO417A	25002	4118.0	Ŏ	3886.0
D60701	18663	649.6	18663	1090 . 4 54 17 . 2
D32778	75452	3909.2 267542.4	75452 2518170	278864.0
D65115 D00151	2485237 1591117	150104.0	1006438	93298.8
D00281	43155	6588.8	43155	8456.4
D00206	305604	46052.0	14000 446071	1995.2 57153.2
D63043 D00196	697933 14382	84703.2 1310.8	14382	1948.8
D62578	25827	1206.4	200000	8990.0
D65995	86474	23640.8	0	.0
D60259	120330 302291	5115.6 43766.8	122847 304978	12249.6 54021.2
D60241 D61337	67548	9500.4	79478	8062.0
D62583	979168	46098.4	774152	42931.6
D68349	51458	6751.2	76238 183088	8665.2 16193.6
D62588 D62755	546205 9188808	48464.8 1235806.0	8565358	1313560.8
D00101	387343	24313.6	432913	22318.4
D60191	1464464	123412.4	1469873	127808.8
D62481	521575	12330.8	199127	.0

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